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To address concerns about regions to feed the honey bees, bumblebees, solitary bees, hoverflies, and all other insects that depend on flowers, the beeplants.eu baseline study is being conducted. We addressed this concern with beekeeper citizen scientists and started in 2024. We developed www.beeplants.eu. In 2024 we started with citizen scientists from Finland, Latvia, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, and France. This app records the number of honey bees, bumblebees, solitary bees, hoverflies, and "other insects. The citizen science study set-up enables to collect a large number of data of various locations and involves citizens in the investigation. A citizen scientist study, also means that we should keep it as simple as possible. The participants choose a plant in the bee plant catalogue in the app to make the recordings. They do the same observations at least three times a week at the same location of the same flowers/parts of trees during the entire flowering period of those plants. In 2024, we had 7544 overall observations on 113 plant species. Per observation of these plants, 45% of the recording had 1 pollinating insect, 23% had two insects, 10% had four insects, 1% had five insects, and 16% had no insects. After cleaning the database, to remove obvious errors, 5698 observations of 74 plant species remained. The data were analysed for the relative presence of specific flowers in winter, spring, and summer, the impact of temperature, and combinations of insects per observation. Of the 74 plant species, per observations, 42% had one pollinating insect and 58% had multiple pollinators visiting. The honey bees were mainly found on *Acer campestre*, followed by *Lavendula angustifolia* and *Origanum vulgare*, and the bumblebees in *Tilia* spp. The solitary bees were recorded on a wide variety and did not show any preference. The hoverflies were mainly recorded on *Heracleum* spp. The study will be continued in 2025 and 2026, and beekeepers from minimally Ireland, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Cyprus, Poland, and Germany will be asked to join. The area differences in sharing food sources are being investigated.